Florida Cause of Leak Study





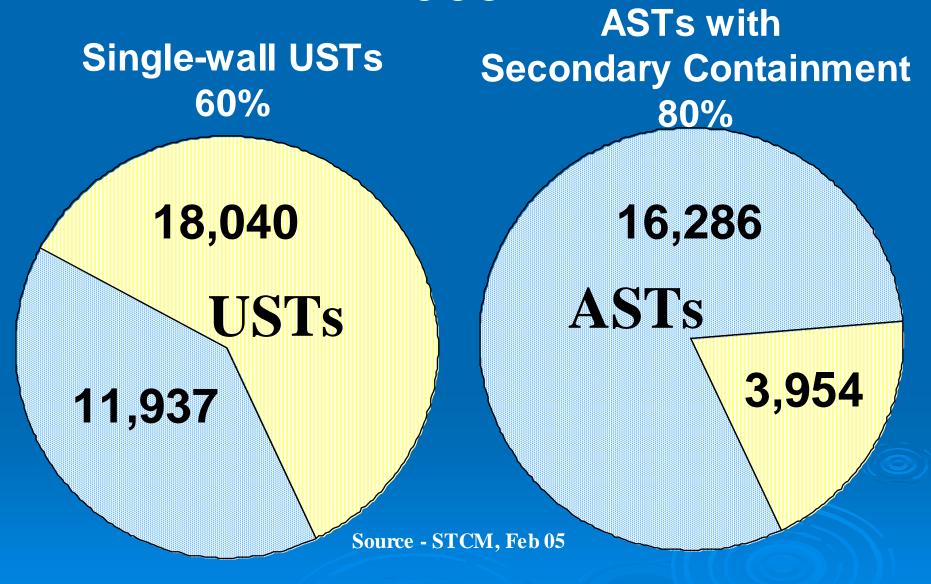




Background Info – Florida's Tanks Program



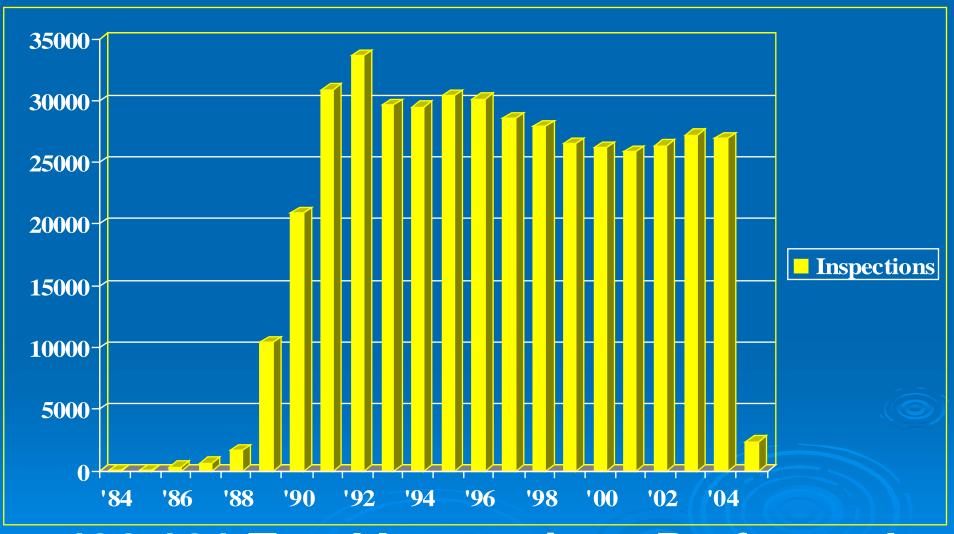
2005



Double-wall USTs - 40%

Single-wall ASTs - 20%

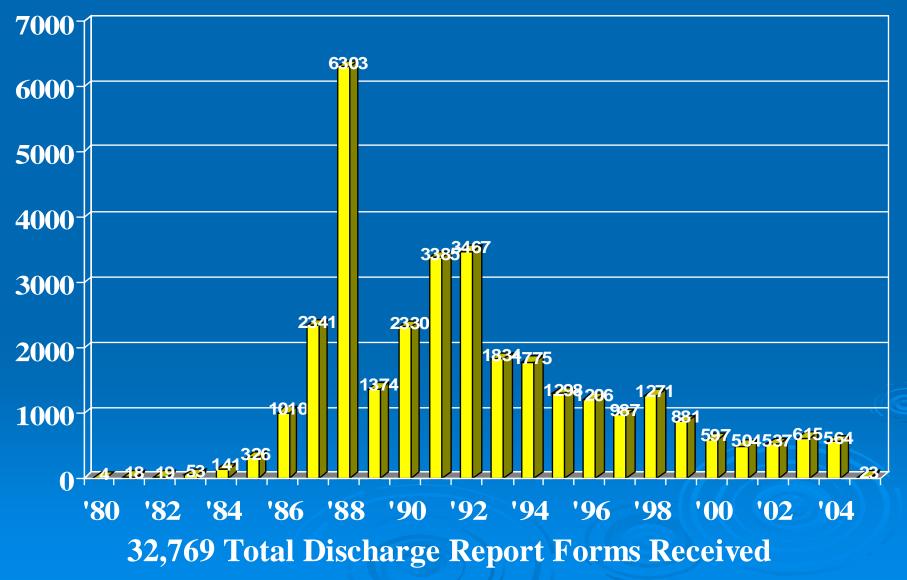
Total Facility Inspections Performed in Florida Source: STCM, Feb 05



436,121 Total Inspections Performed

Petroleum Discharge Report Forms Received

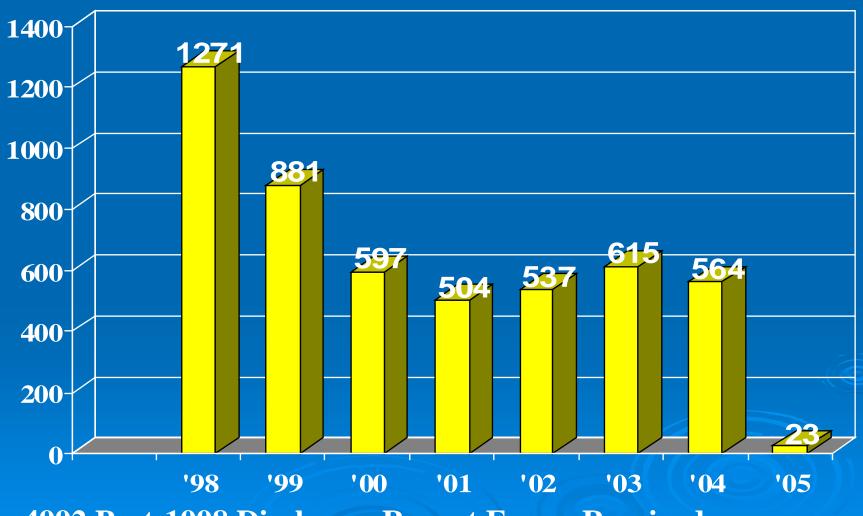




Post-1998 Petroleum Discharge Report Forms Received

Discharges

Source: STCM, Feb 05



4992 Post-1998 Discharge Report Forms Received

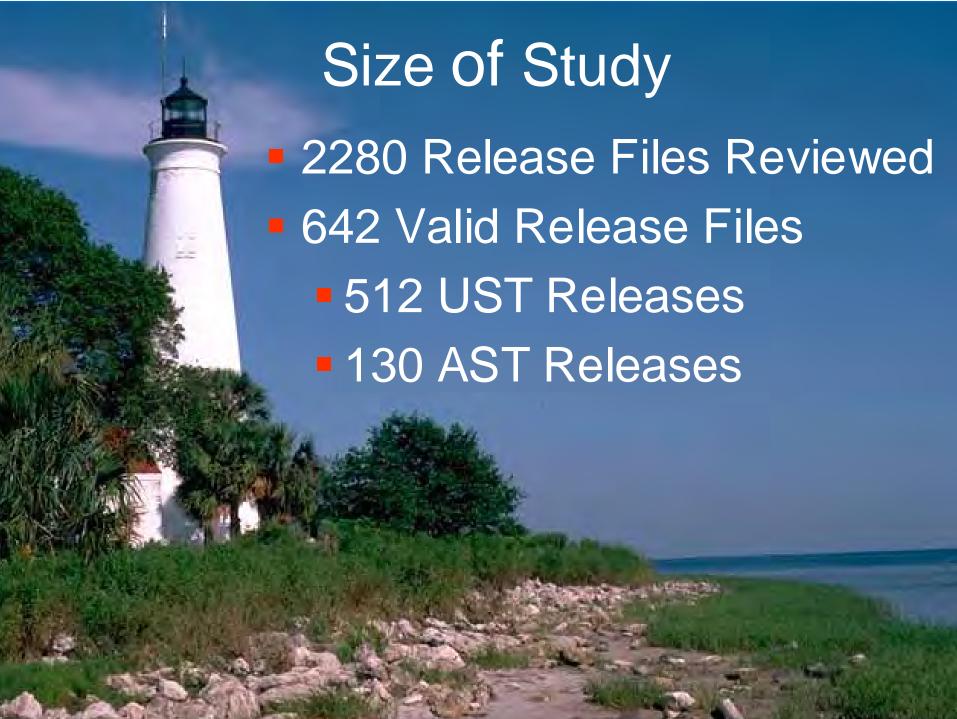
Summary - Florida Cause of Leak Study



- Florida Identified Reported Releases (1995-2002)
- Florida Contracted with County Inspectors to Review Release Sites and Document Information
- Completed Forms Sent to EPA for Data Entry & Analysis
- Various Quality Control Steps
- Current Status EPA Report is ready for Peer Review

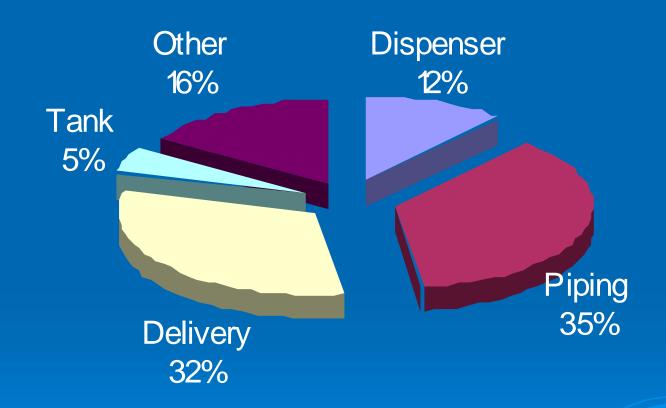
Methodology





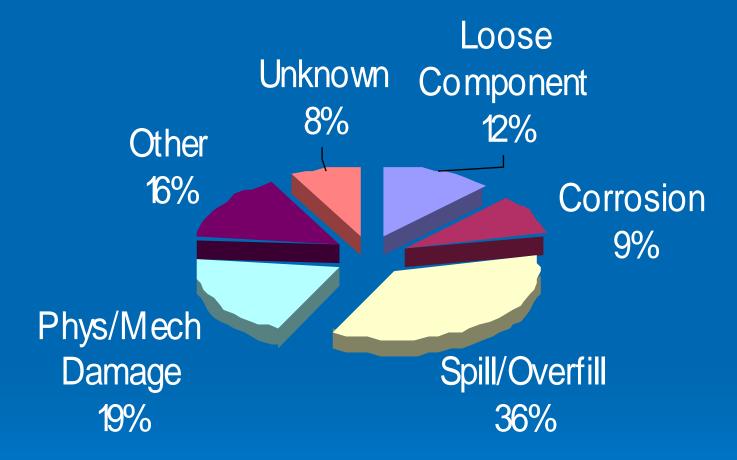


Sources of Releases



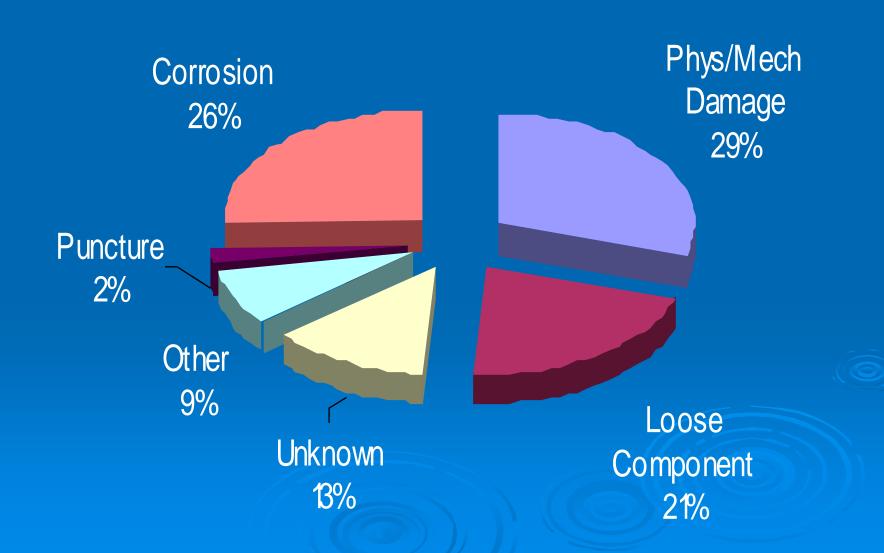
Other Sources Include: Fuel Filters, Outlet Valve, and Human Spilling

Causes of Releases

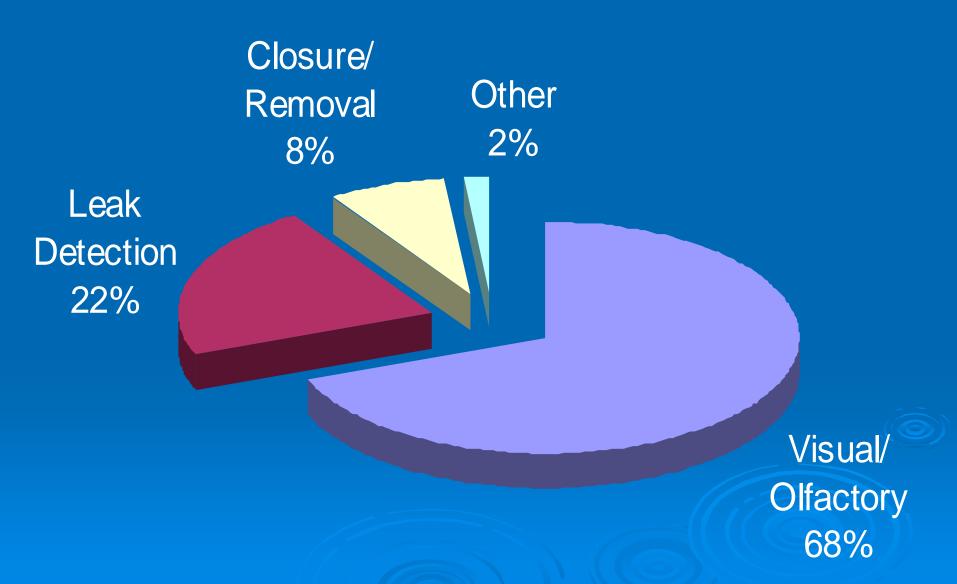


Other Causes Include: Vandalism, Valve Failure, Contractor Accident, Other Human Error

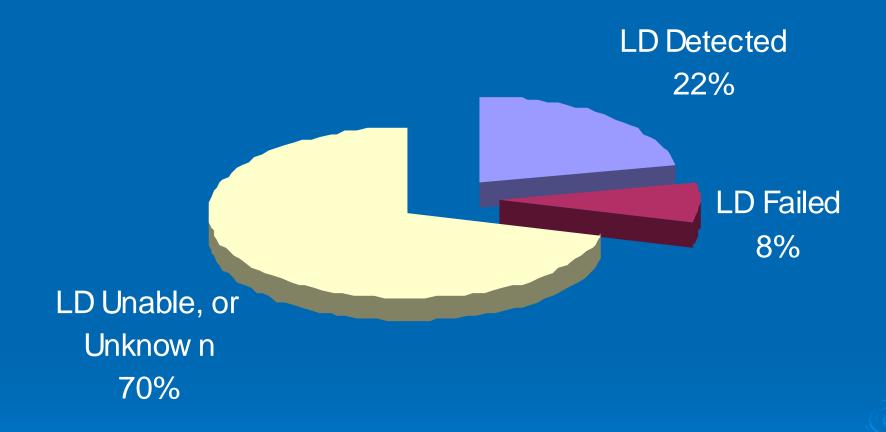
Causes of Piping Release



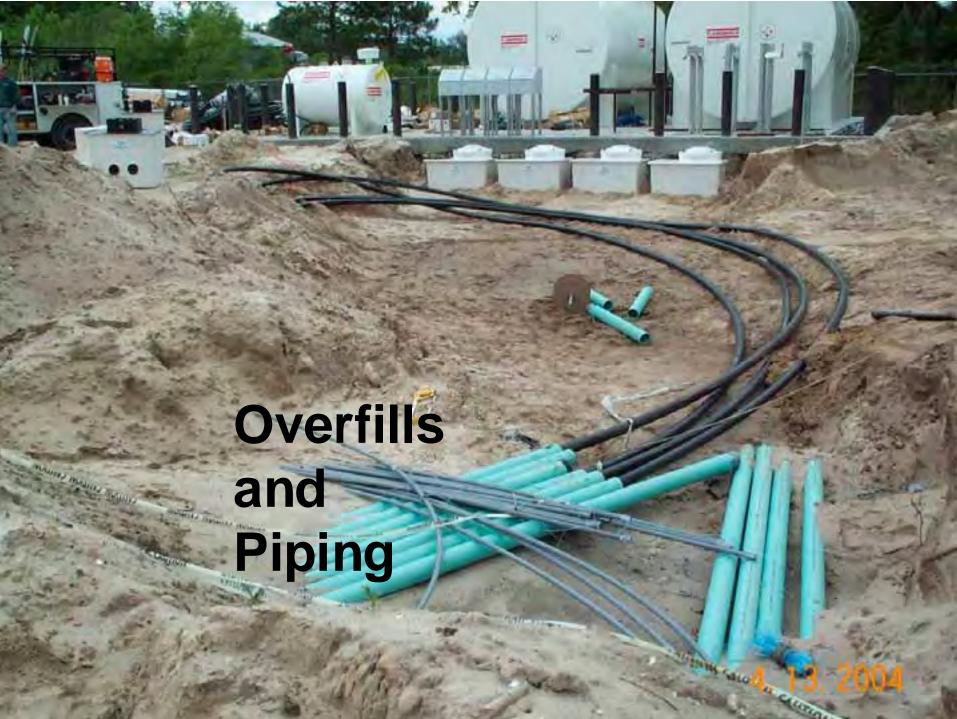
Method of Detection



Success of Leak Detection

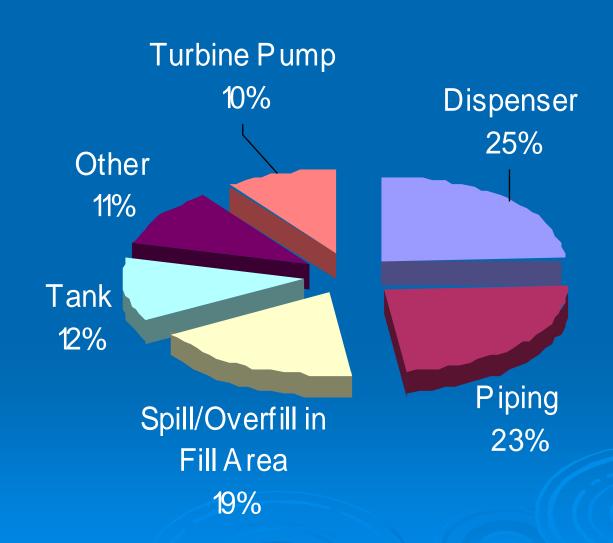


LD Unable, or Unknown: Either the release came from a part of the system that a LD system was not designed to detect, or the inspector could not determine whether LD failed to detect.

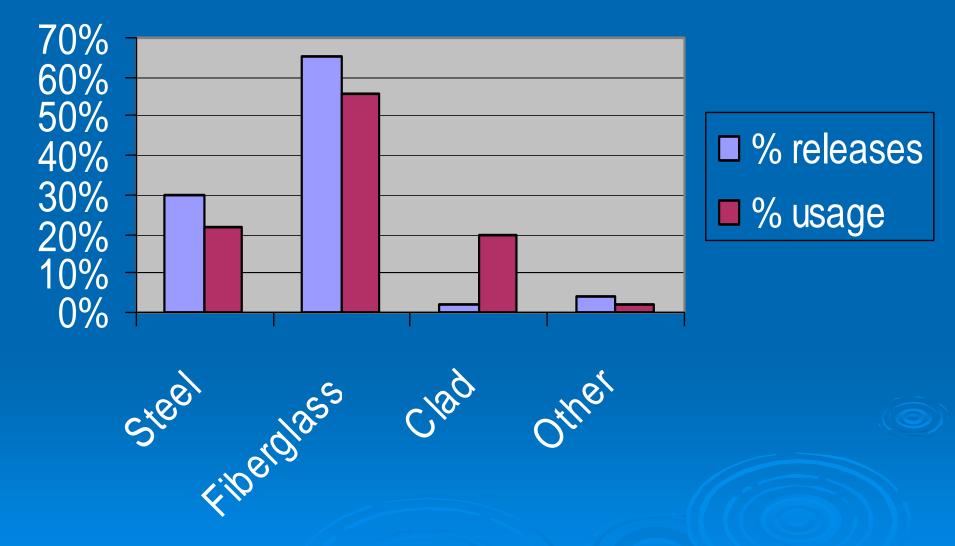




Sources of Releases - USTs

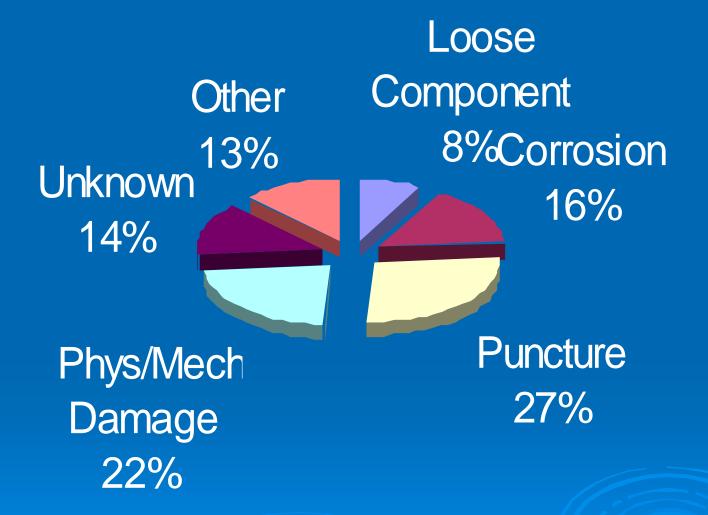


- Tank Usage Versus Releases -



Clad Tanks Had Relatively Fewer Releases

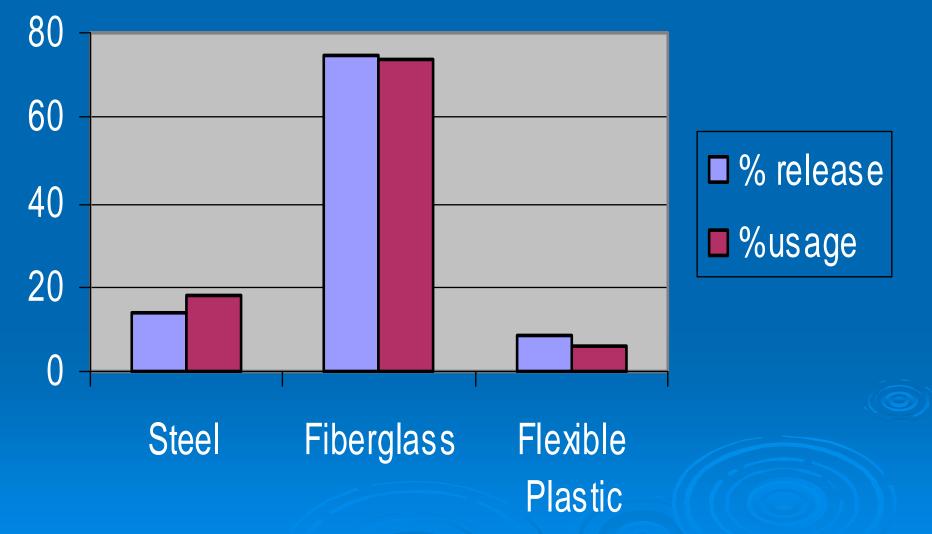
- Causes of Tank Releases -



Primary Cause of Steel Tank Release - Corrosion

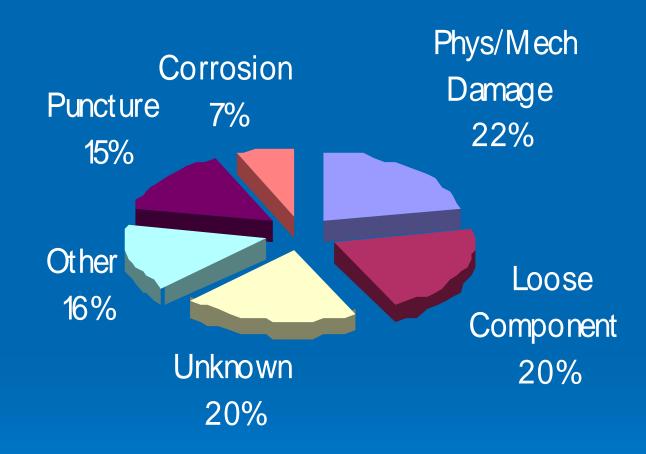
Primary Cause of Fiberglass Tank Release - Puncture

- Piping Usage Versus Releases -



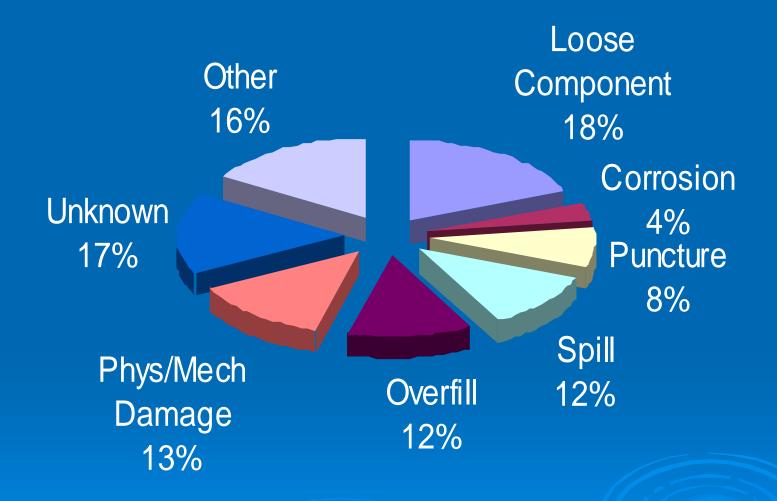
Further Analysis Required to Determine Statistical Significance

- Causes of Piping Releases -



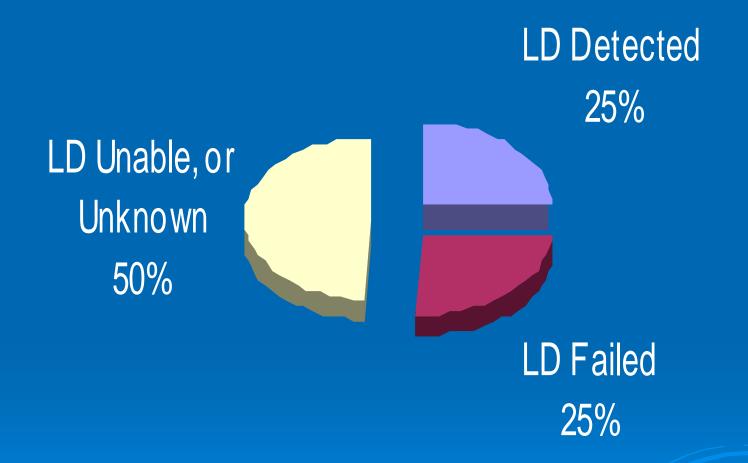
- Primary Cause of Steel Piping Release Corrosion
- Primary Cause of Fiberglass Piping Release Loose Component
- Primary Cause of Flexible Plastic Piping Phys/Mech Damage

Summary of Causes - USTs



Other Releases Include: Delivery to Monitoring Well, Vehicle Accident, Improper Installation, Vandalism

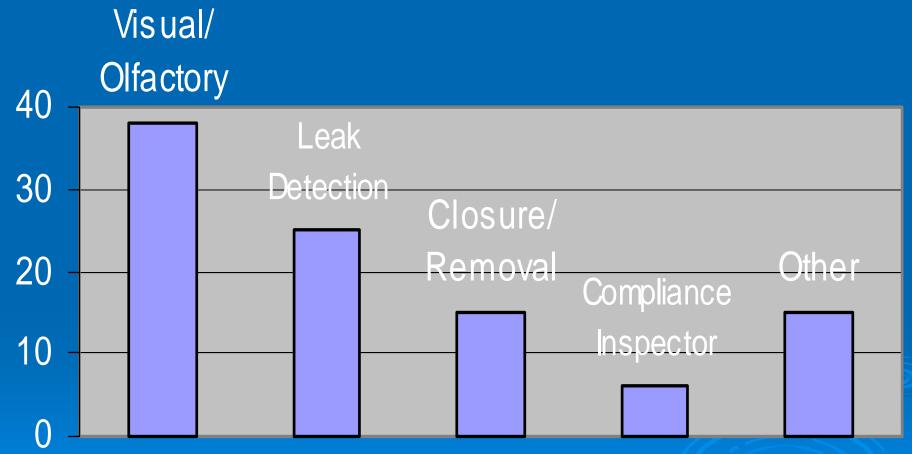
- Success of Leak Detection -



LD Unable, or Unknown: Either the release came from a part of the system that a LD system was not designed to detect, or the inspector could not determine whether LD failed to detect.

- Method of Detection -

% of Detections



Other Methods Include: Unscheduled TTT/LTT, Dispenser Upgrades, Maintenance Inspections, Water in Tank



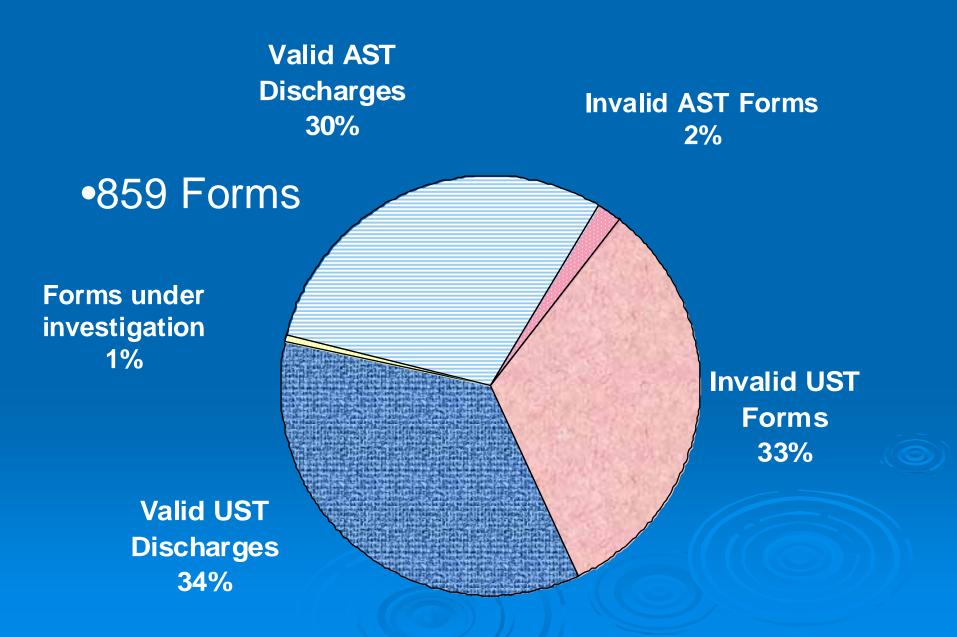


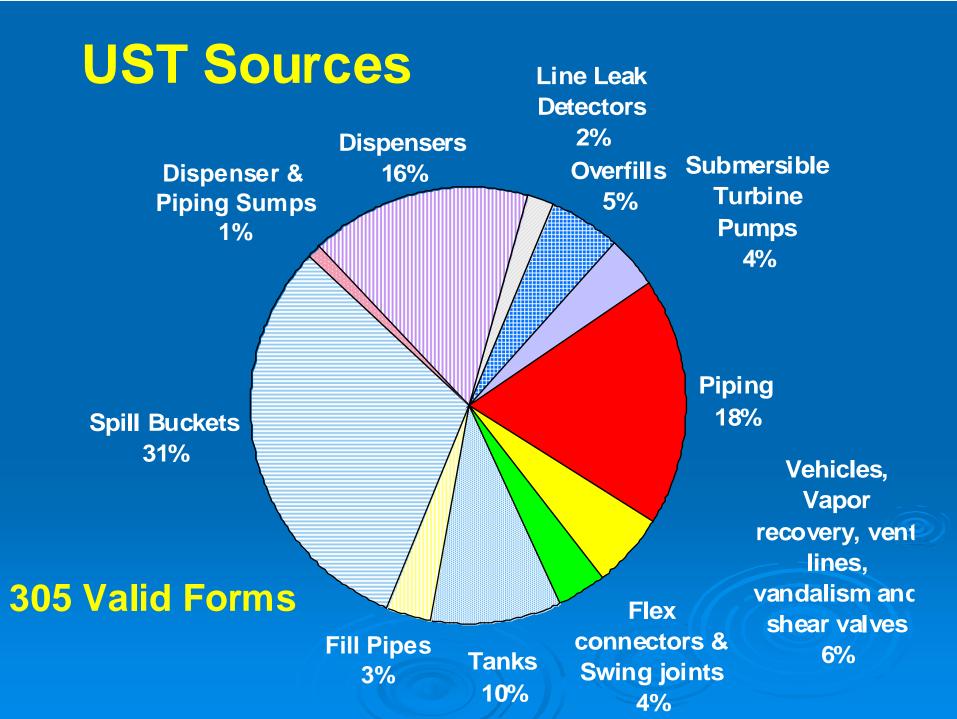
- Field-verified, Quality assurance
- County Tanks Inspectors Complete Forms
- Continuation of Florida Cause of Leak Study
- Data compared to Forms submitted by tank owners

Material	Other Attributes	Ancillary Equipment
Galvanized Steel	Sacrificial Anodes	Spill Containment Bucket
Fiberglass	Impressed Current System	No Spill Containment
Composite	Internal Lining	Overfill Protection
Unprotected Steel	Single Wall	Ball Check Valve
Other Approved	Double Wall (same material)	Flow Shut-Off
Concrete	Double Wall (different material)	Tight Fill
Polyethylene	Secondary Containment with a liner	Alarm System
Unknown	Other Approved (Tank Bladders, etc.)	Remote Fill
Other (Specify)	Compartmented	No Overfill Protection
	External Liner	Other (Specify)

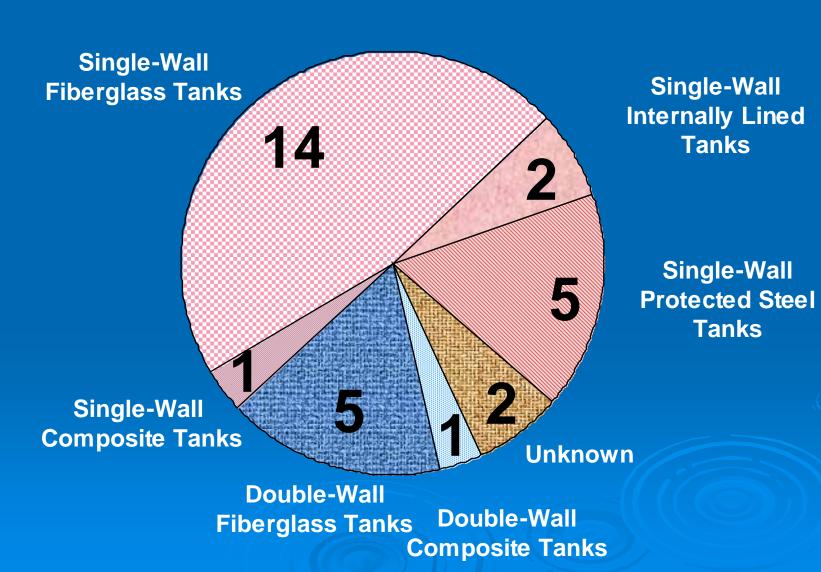
Florida Leak Autopsy Study Four Page Form

Florida Leak Autopsy Forms 1 Jan 03 – 1 Mar 05

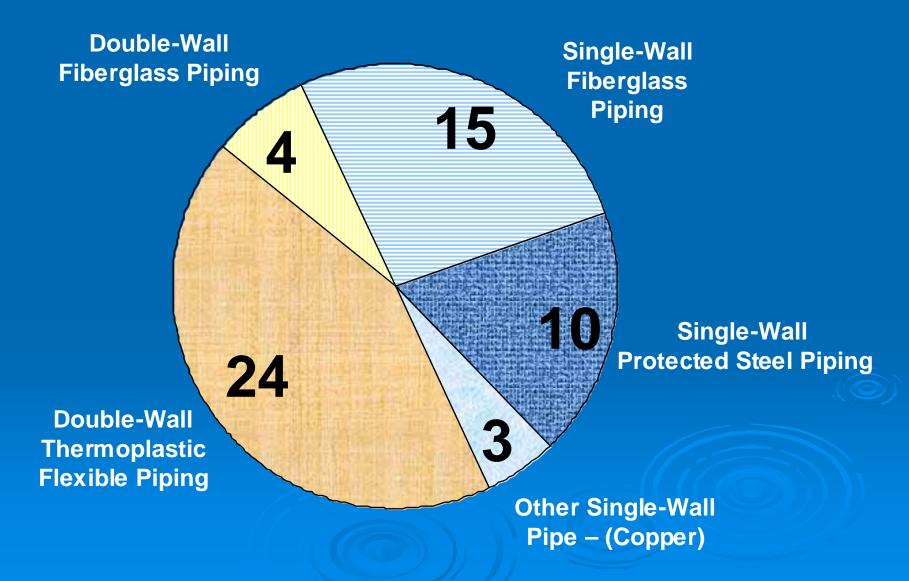




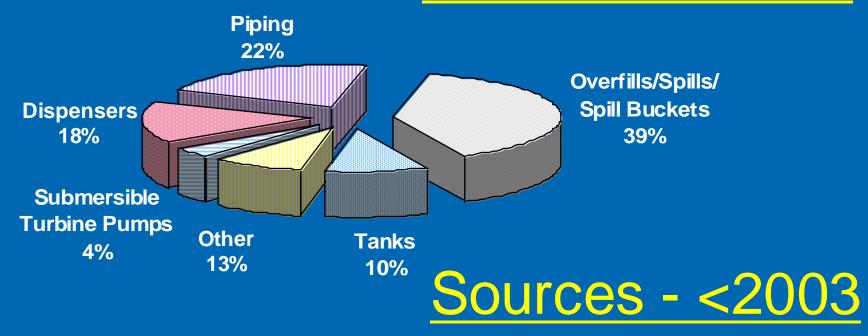
Tanks – 10% Double-wall tanks – 2%

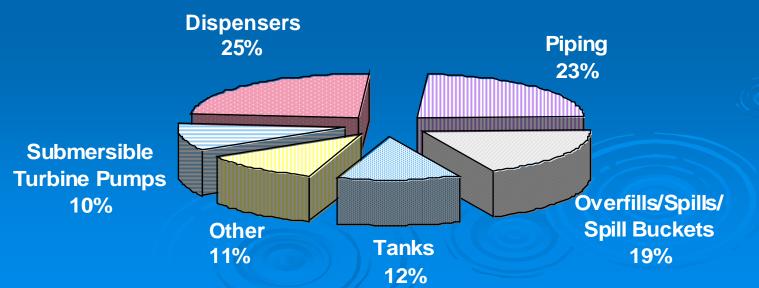


Piping – 18% Double-wall piping –9%

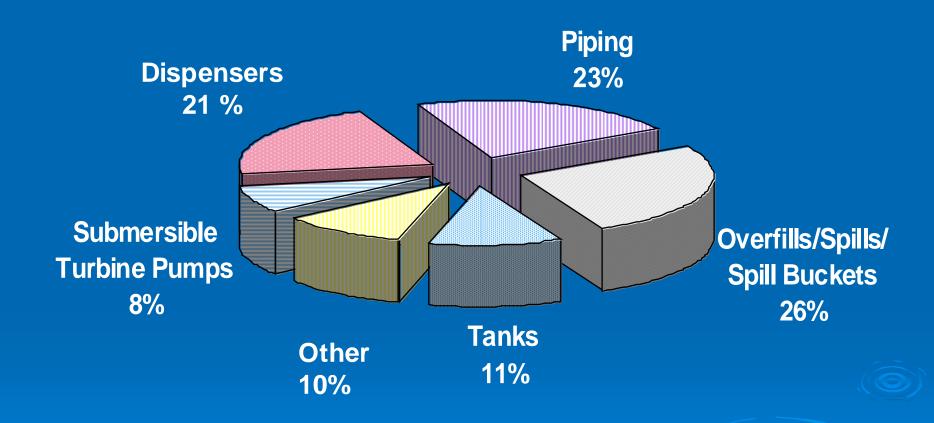


Sources - >2003





Combined Data



827 Valid UST Forms

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Florida Department of Environmental Protection