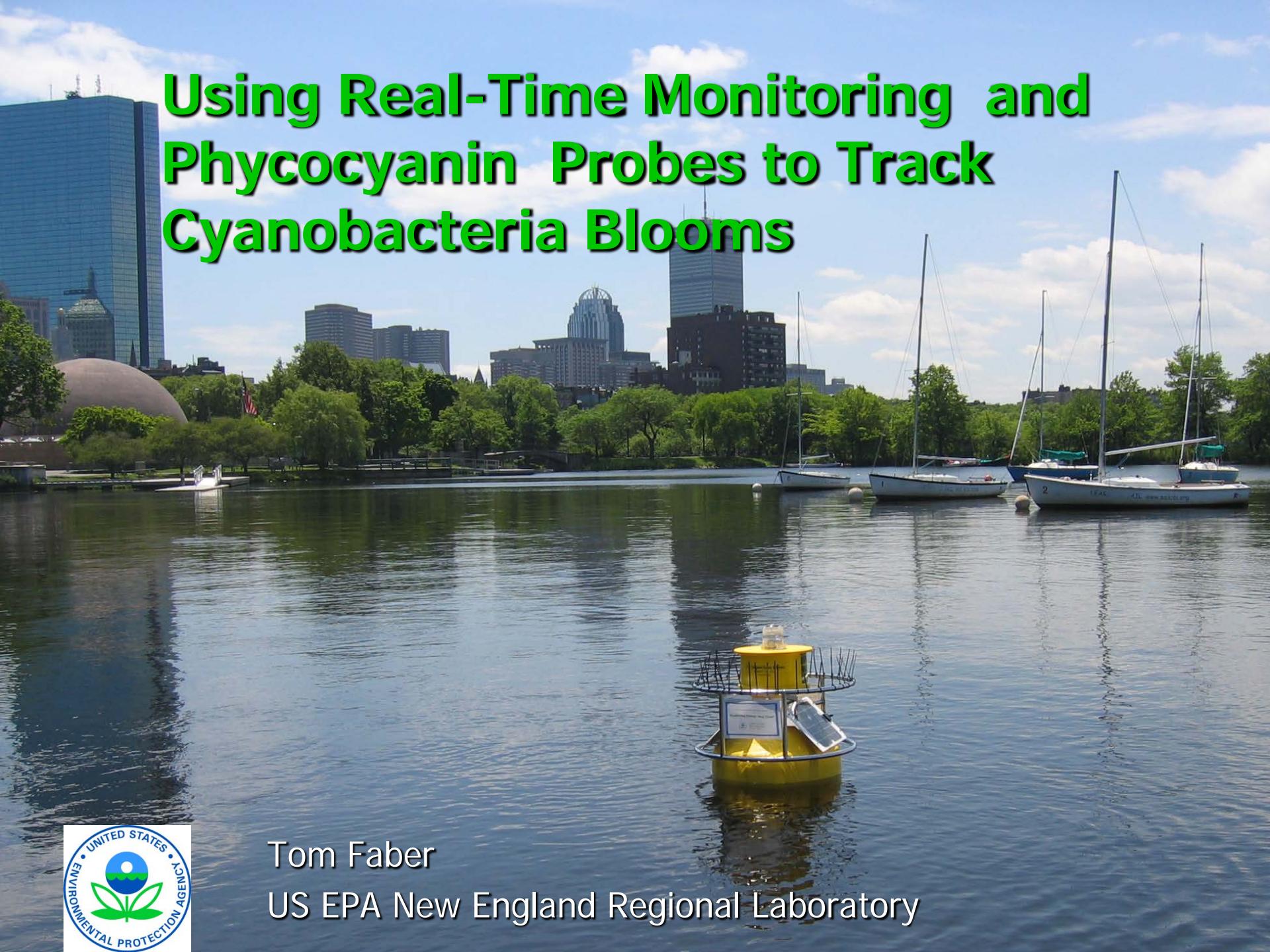


# Using Real-Time Monitoring and Phycocyanin Probes to Track Cyanobacteria Blooms



Tom Faber

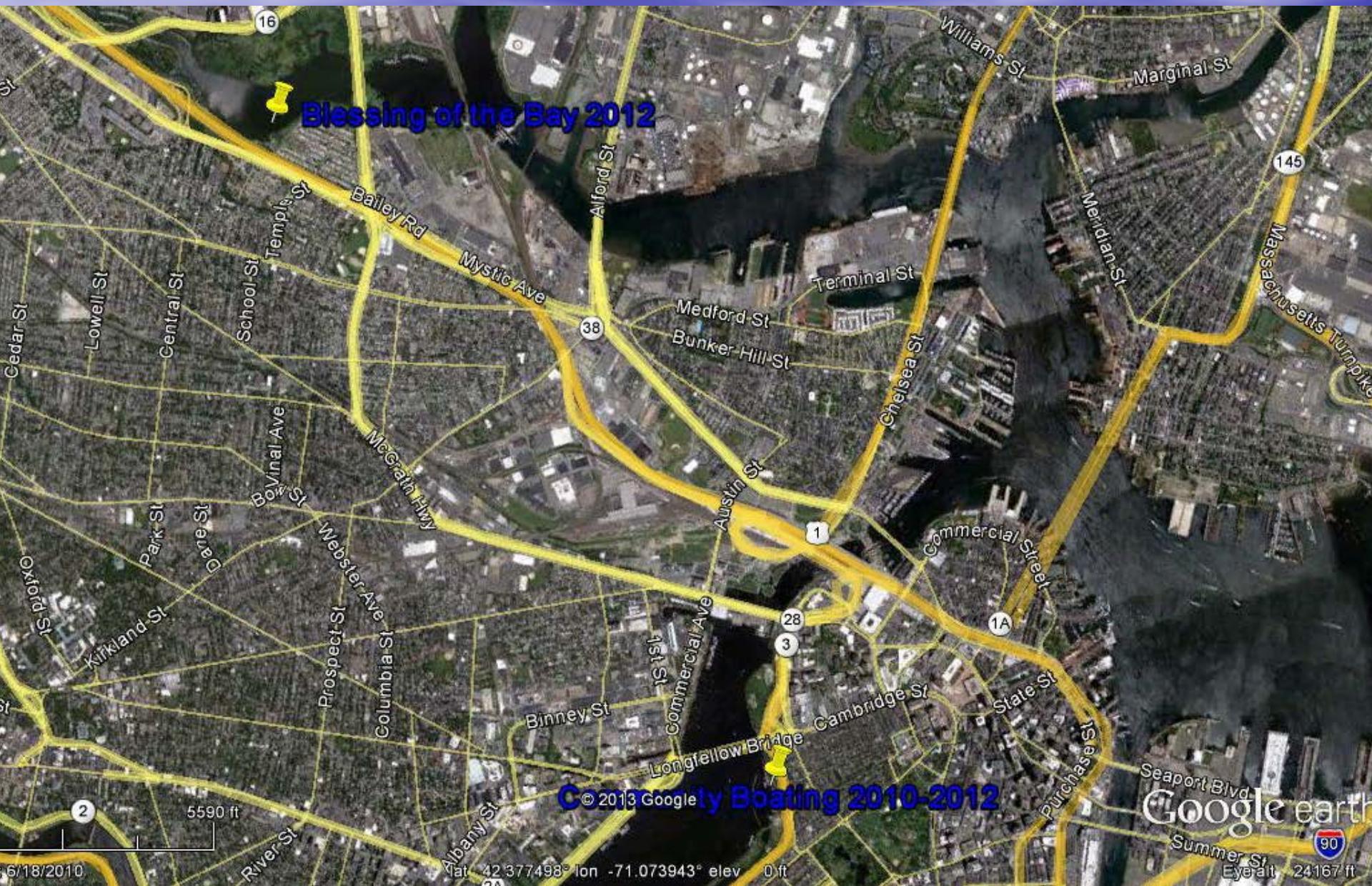
US EPA New England Regional Laboratory



# Measuring Cyanobacteria

- EPA buoy monitoring program
- Cyanobacteria cell counts differences
- Using probes for measuring phycocyanin
- Probes and calibrating options

# Monitoring Locations



# Background

- Monitoring locations were selected for
  - High recreational use
  - Historic algal blooms
- Coincide with other monitoring
- Data available real-time to project partners through a password protected website
- Monitoring began in 2010

# Charles and Mystic River Real-Time Monitoring EPA New England Regional Laboratory

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has established monitoring buoys in the Charles and Mystic Watersheds. These buoys collect and transmit water quality data that is available to the public. EPA has established these buoys to help with the tracking of cyanobacteria blooms and water quality conditions.

**Note: All water quality measurements are collected 1 meter below the water's surface**

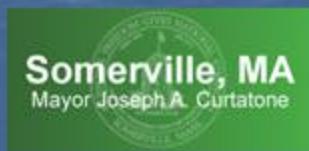
Last Sonde verification:

Charles 9/12/12    Mystic 9/12/12

Click here →

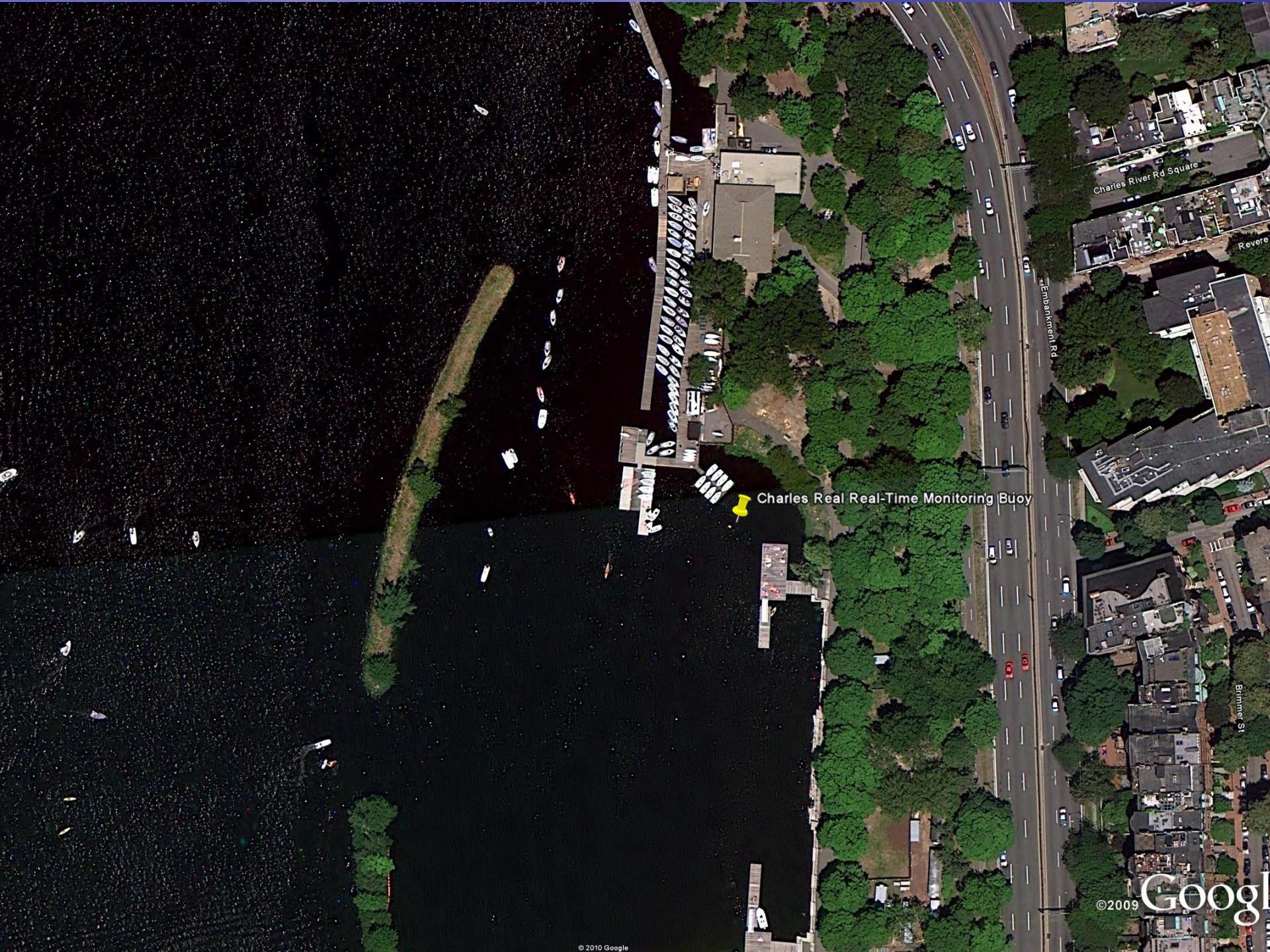


Project Partners:



## Disclaimer:

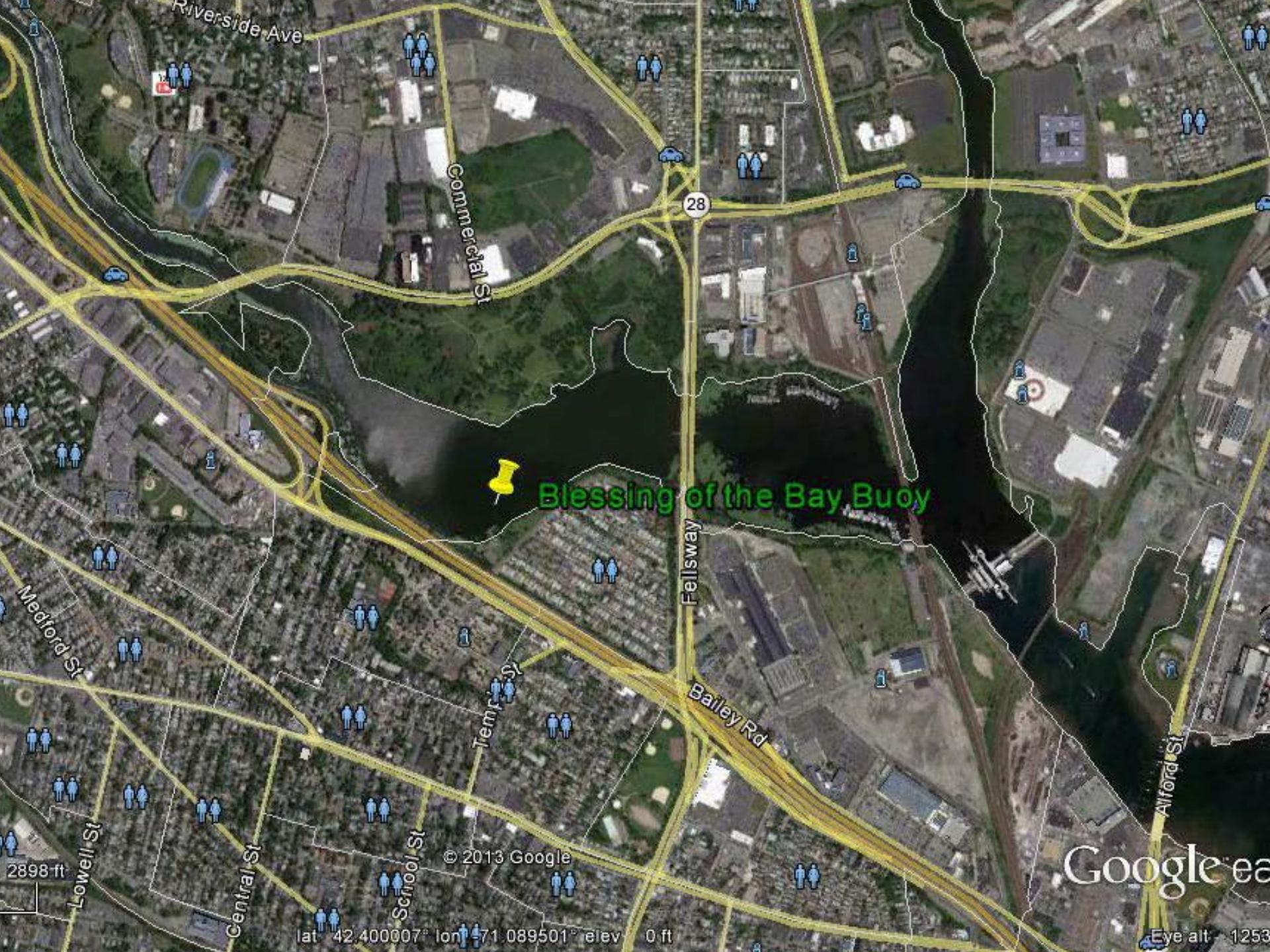
The data presented on this website is considered preliminary data and may be subject to future revision or qualifiers. The data from this site is transmitted directly from the instrument with no or little review. Inaccuracies may be presented because instrument malfunction or physical changes at buoy location.



©2009

Google







Buoy measures water quality conditions  
and helps to track cyanobacteria  
blooms



# Sonde Measurements

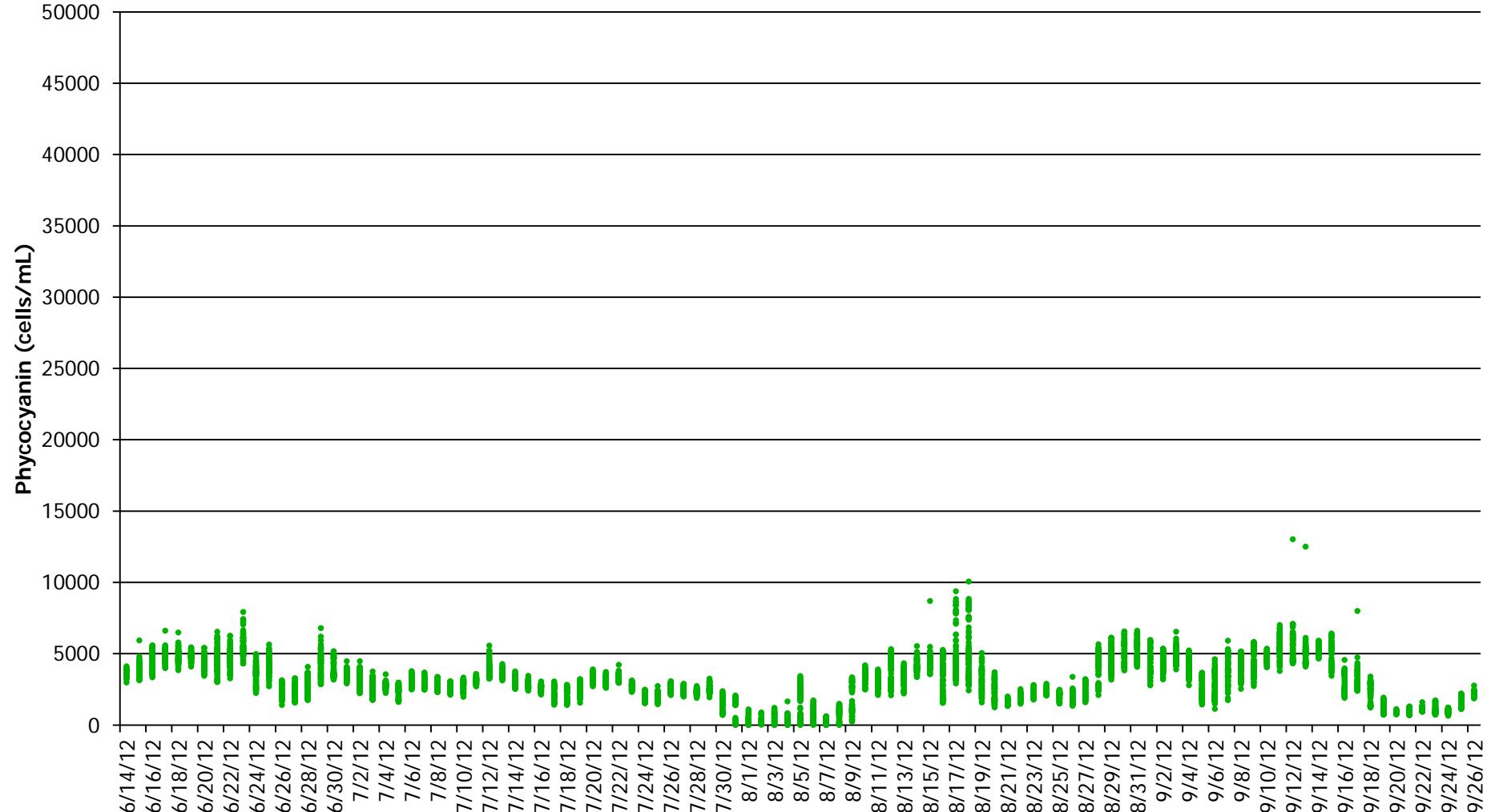
- Recorded every 15 minutes
- Measurements collected at 1 meter depth
- Probes checked and recalibrated ~ every 2 weeks
- Parameters
  - Temperature
  - Conductivity
  - pH
  - Dissolved Oxygen
  - Turbidity
  - Chlorophyll
  - Phycocyanin



# Field samples collected and processed for Chlorophyll a and Phycocyanin to correct and evaluate data



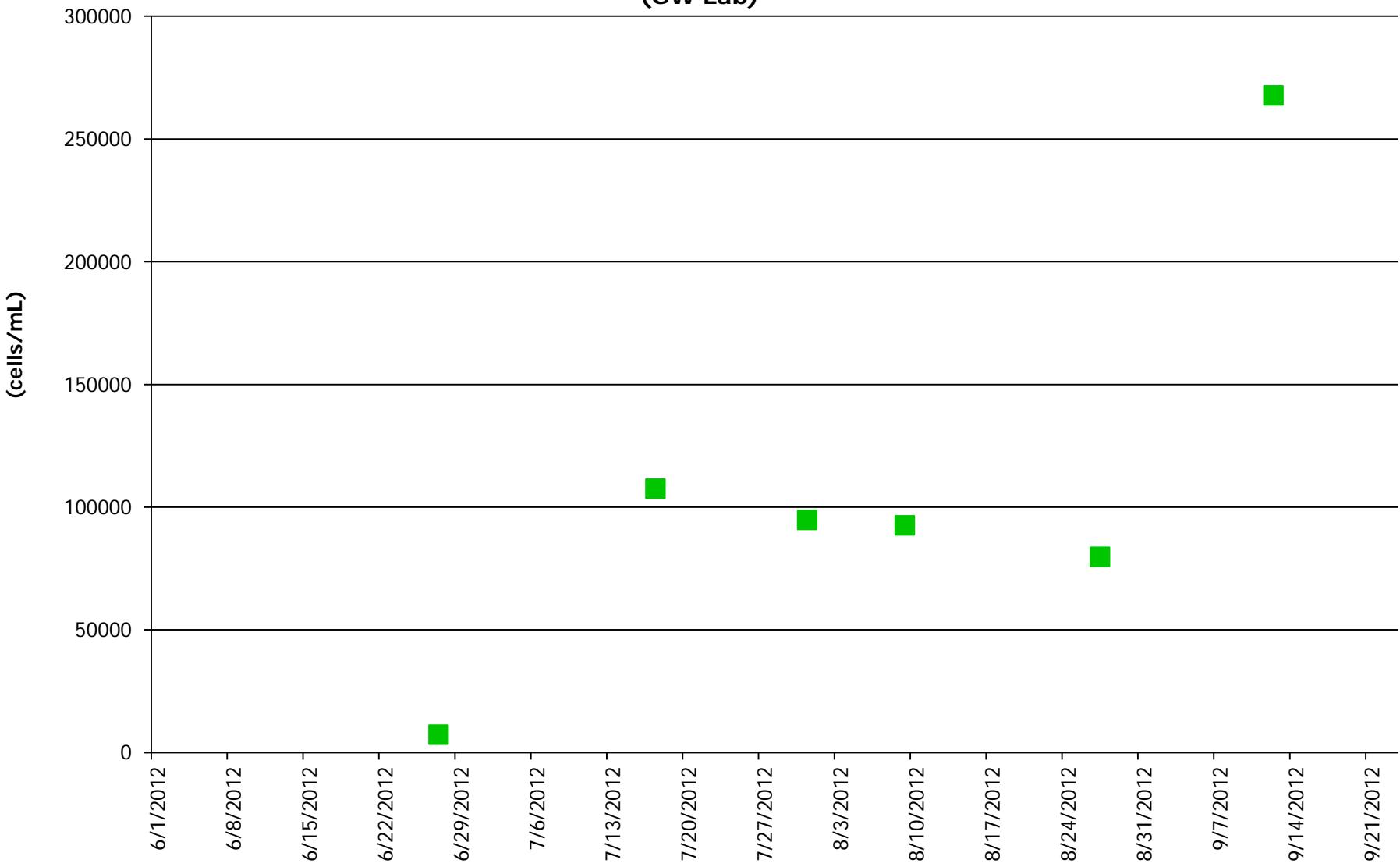
# Mystic Blue Green Algae – Phycocyanin 2012 (Uncorrected)



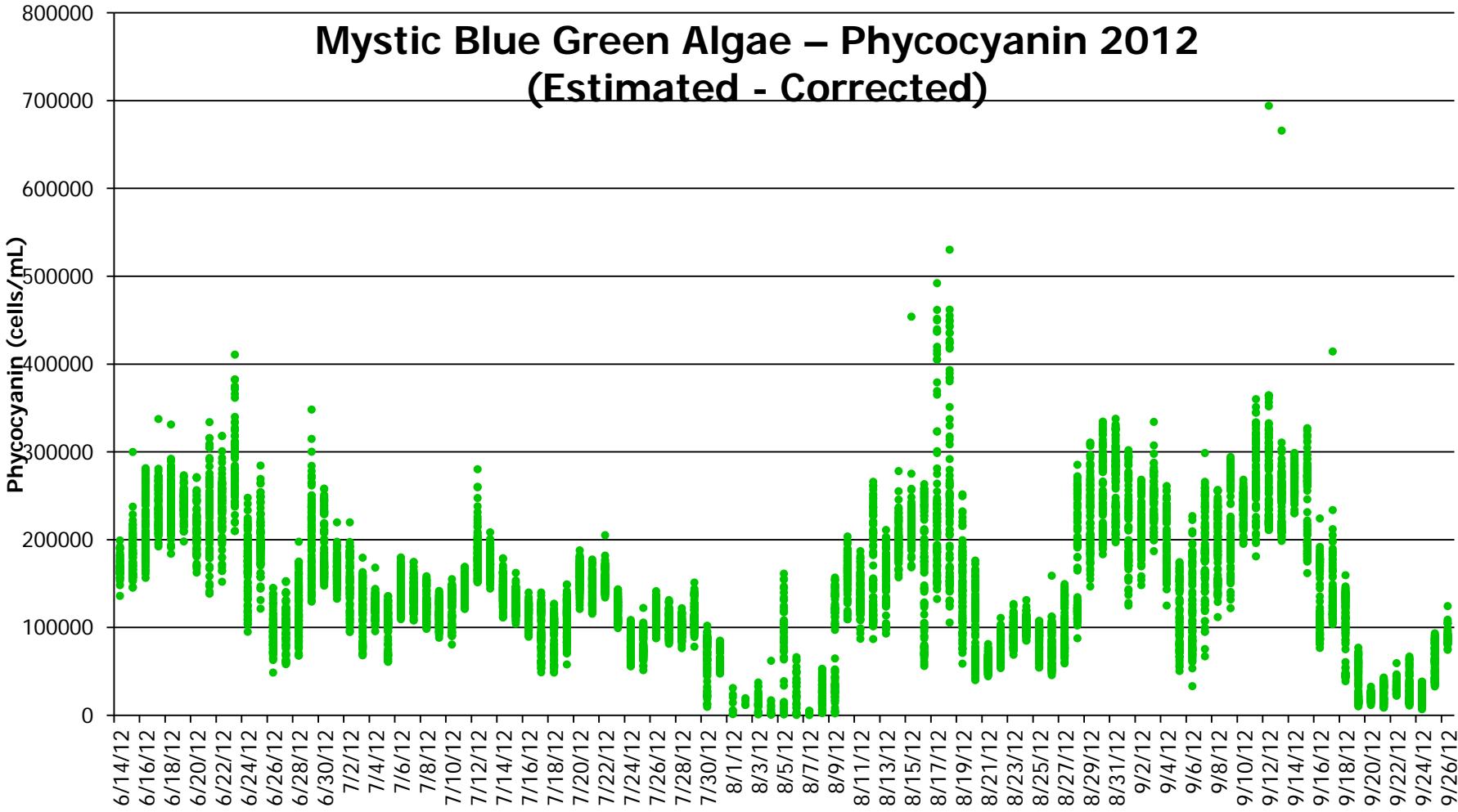
Note: Two high points truncated

# Mystic Cyanobacteria cell counts - 2012

(GW Lab)



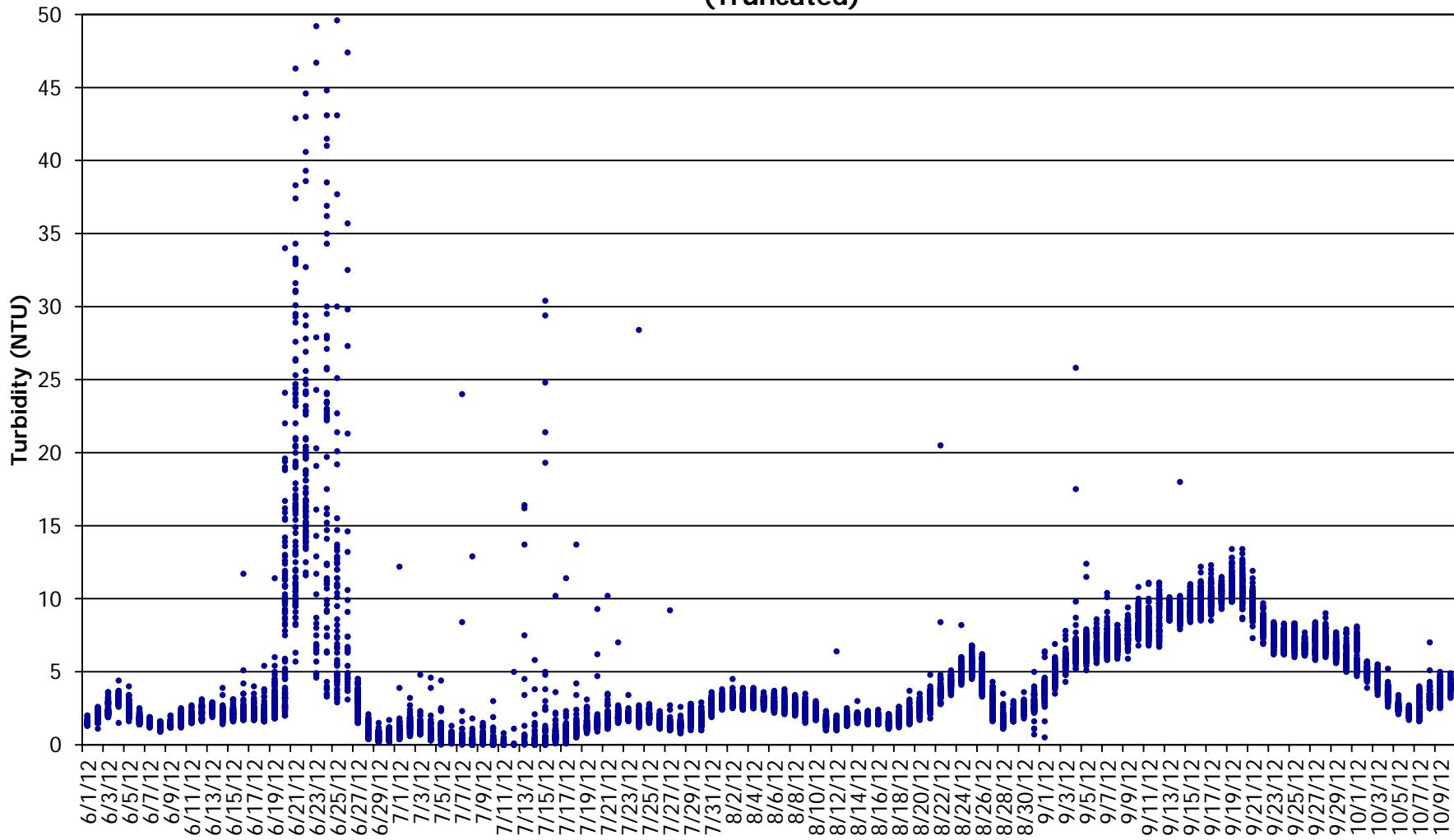
## Mystic Blue Green Algae – Phycocyanin 2012 (Estimated - Corrected)



Note: two Points truncated

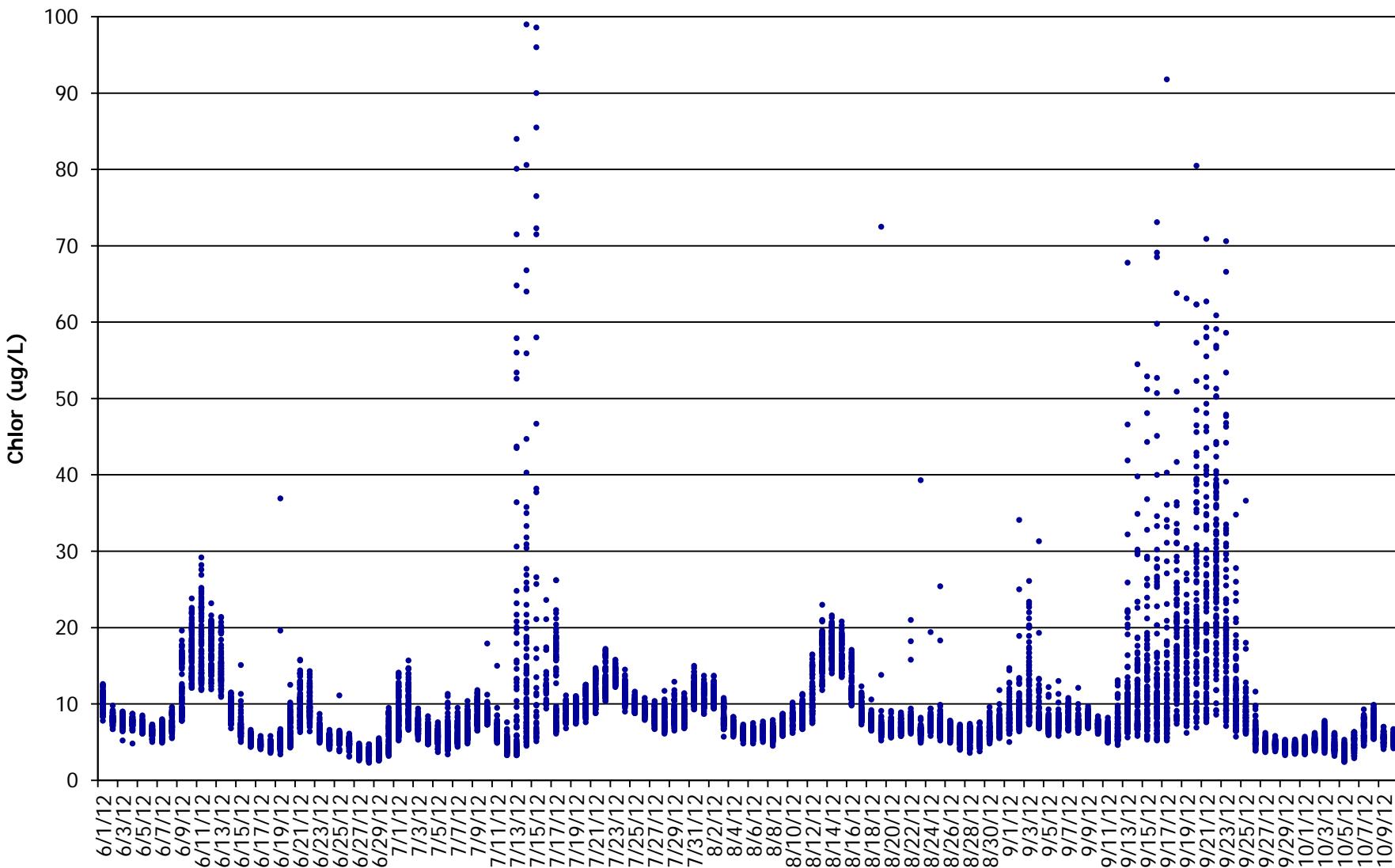
# Charles Turbidity 2012

(Truncated)



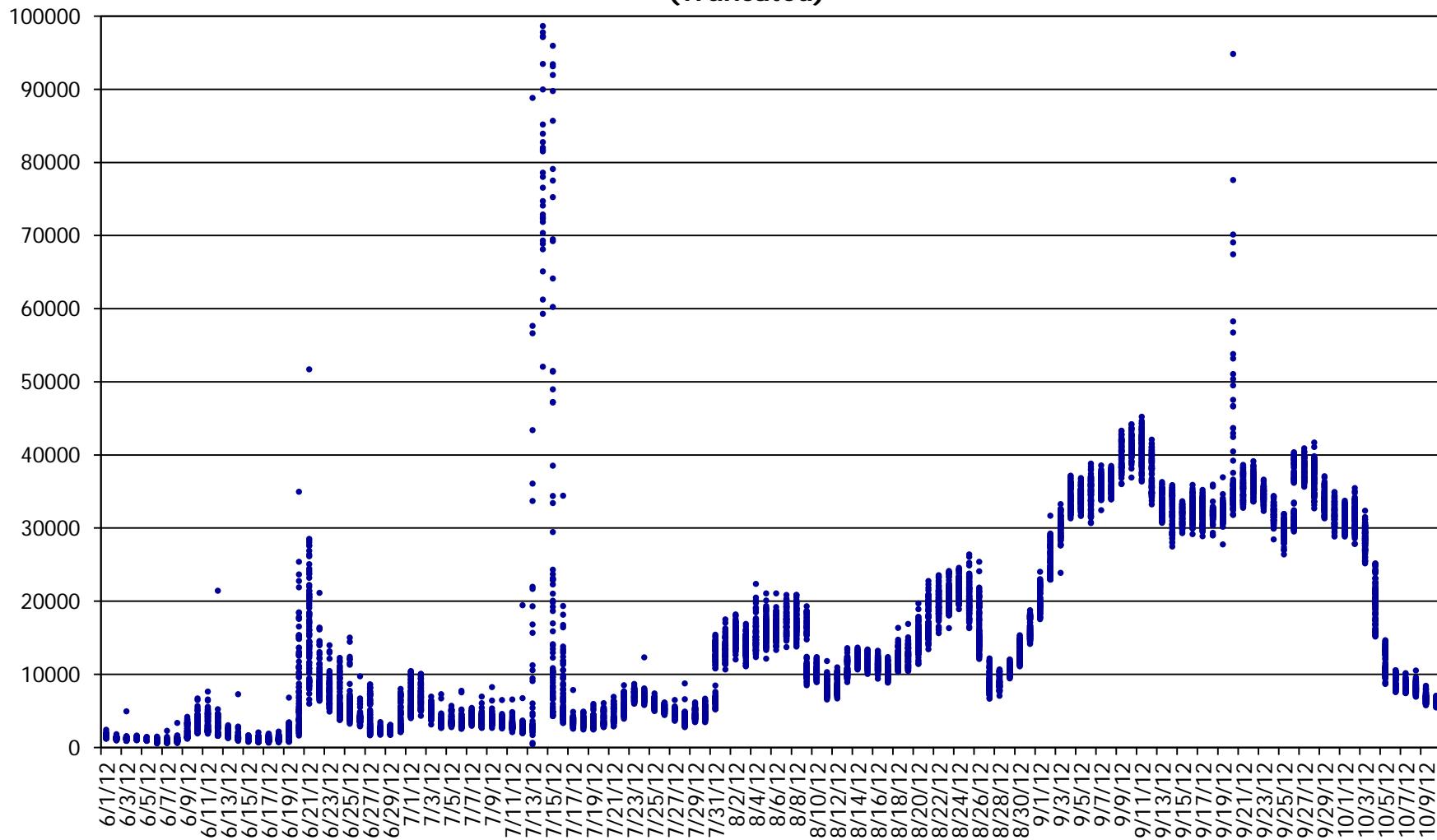
# Charles Chlorophyll 2012

(Truncated)



# Charles Phycocyanin 2012

(Truncated)

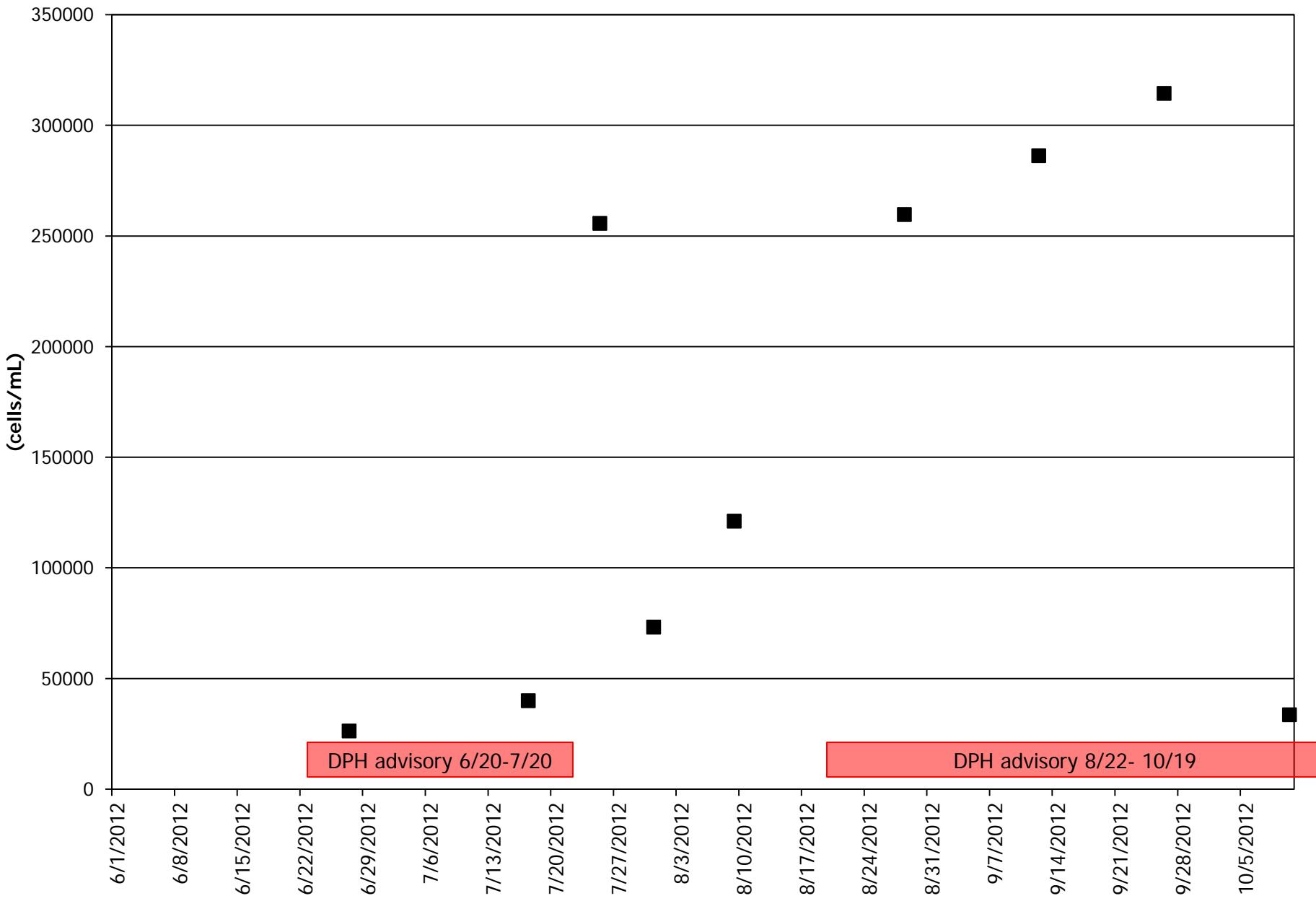


# Charles River Cyanobacteria Advisories from DPH - 2012

Water Body	City/Town	Advisory recommended	Advisory rescinded	Comments
Charles River	Boston	6/20/2012	7/20/2012	MIT Boathouse to New Dam, reduced to Swim Dock on 7/13/12
Charles River	Newton	8/9/2012	8/29/2012	Sampled at Charles River Canoe and Kayak, ended everywhere but Lasell Boathouse 8/22
Charles River	Boston	8/22/2012	10/19/2012	Lower Basin
Charles River	Waltham	8/24/2012	9/6/2012	Moody St. Dam

# Charles Cyanobacteria cell counts -2012

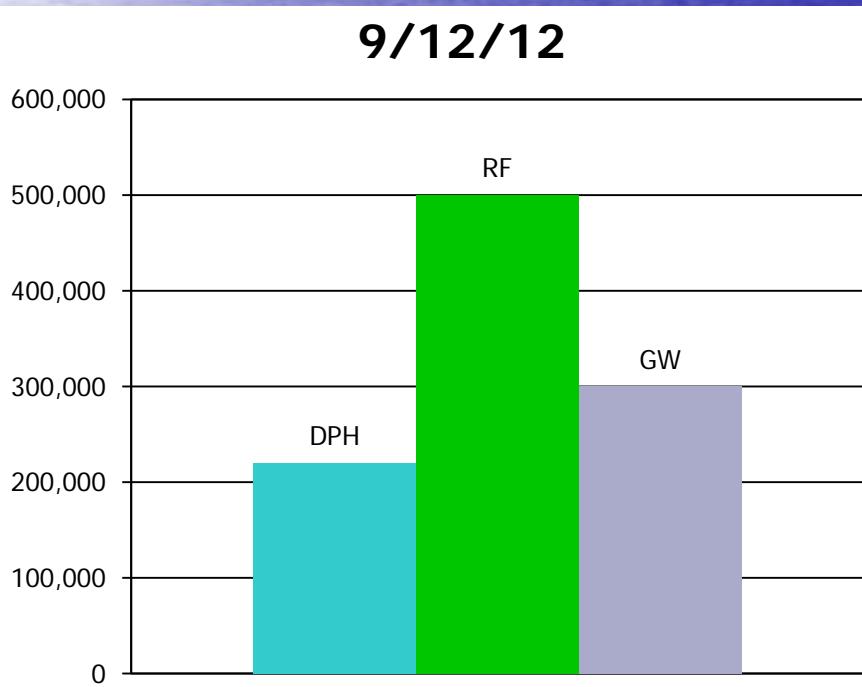
(GW Lab)



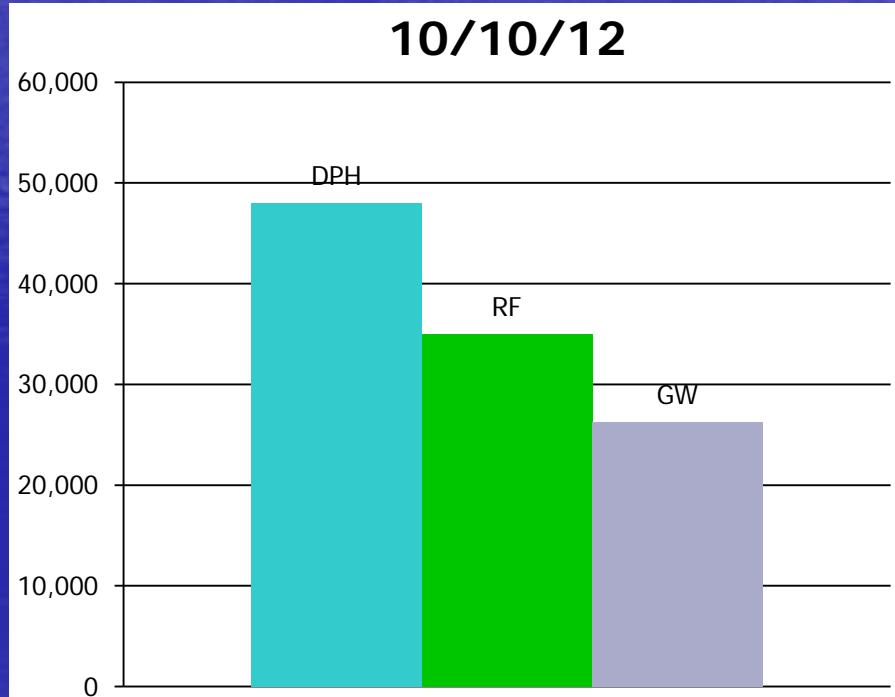
# Split samples collected at Community Boating

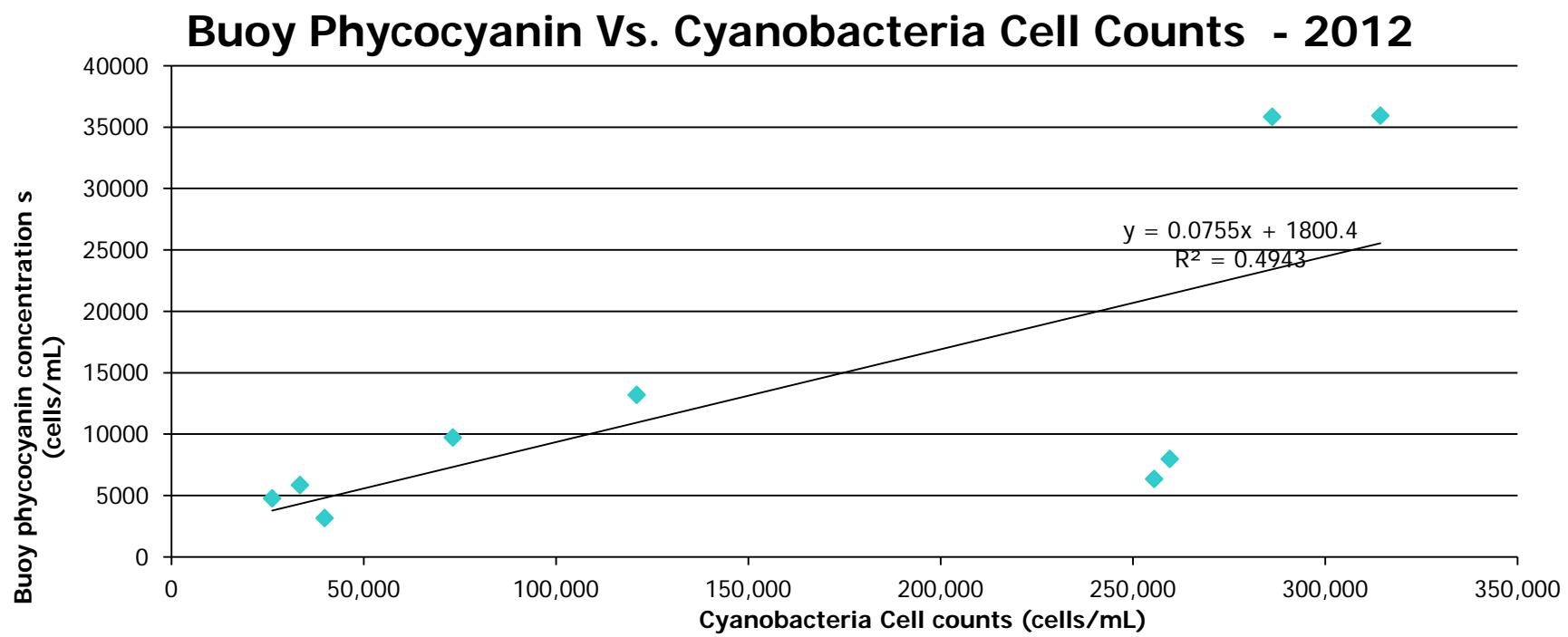
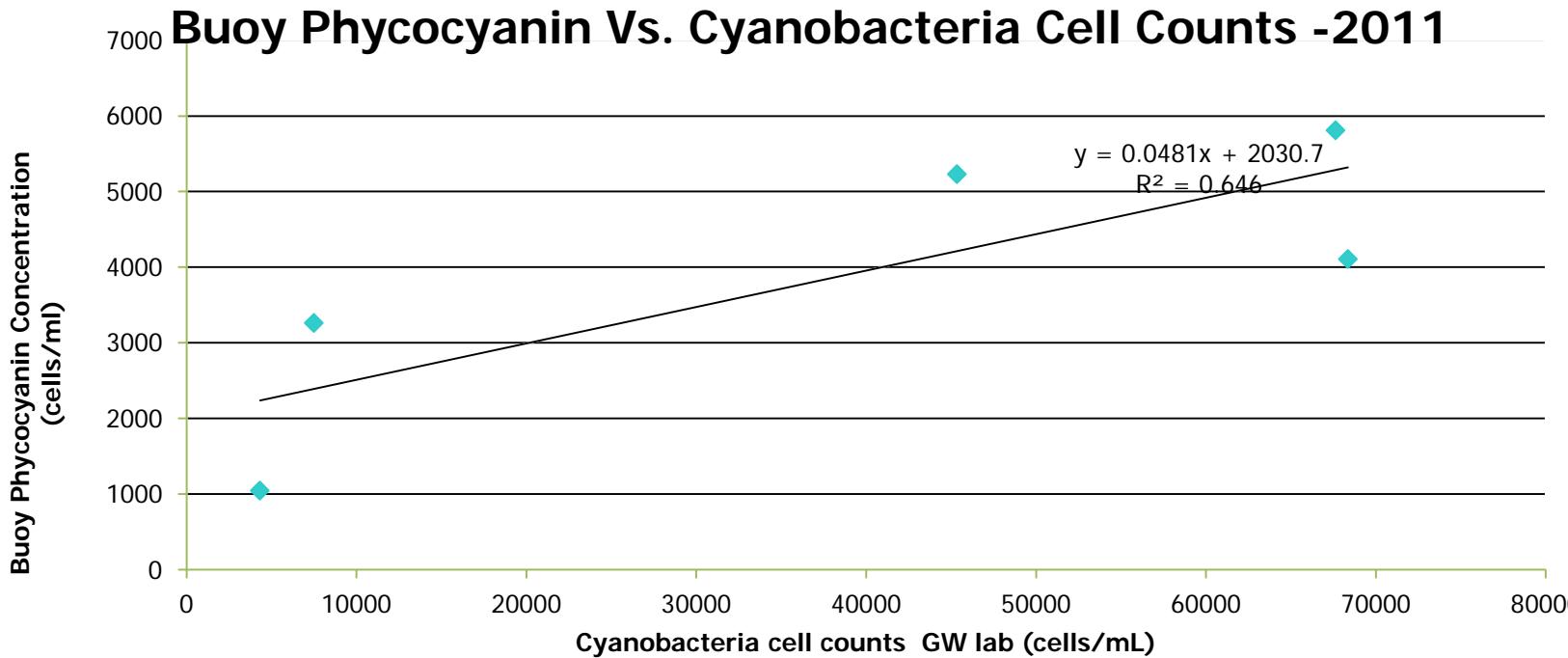


**9/12/12**

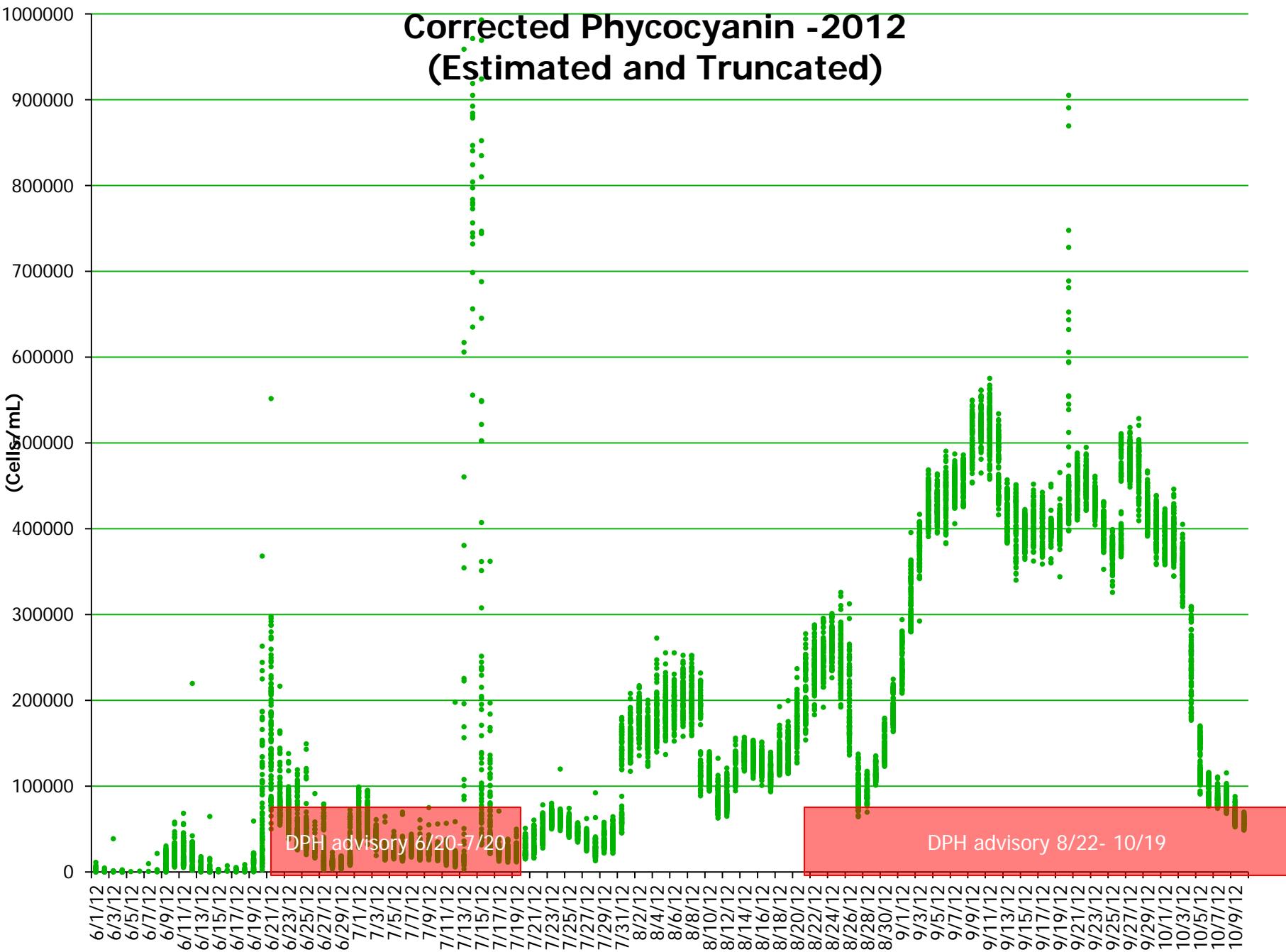


**10/10/12**





# Corrected Phycocyanin -2012 (Estimated and Truncated)



# Calibration options for Phycocyanin Probe

- Factory default and zero calibration standard
- Phycocyanin standard
- Culture –*Microcystis aeruginosa*
- Rhodamine dye solution

# Calibration options for Phycocyanin Probes



Calibration option	Advantage	Disadvantage
Zero calibration standard (DI water)	Easy	Hard to compare with other meters
Phycocyanin standard	Relates directly to phycocyanin	Short shelf life, not easy to use
Culture	Relates to cell counts	Time consuming, need equipment
Rhodamine dye	Easy to use, store, and repeat	Secondary standard

# Meter Day at Mass DEP on 5/31/12

## Is there a way to relate different meters?

Organization	Instrument	Excitation nM	Emission nM
MassDEP	Turner Designs Databank Datalogger with Cyclops 7 probe (phycocyanin sensor)	590	650
US EPA	YSI multi-sensor probe/sondes	565-605 <sup>1</sup>	620-700 <sup>1</sup>
NE University	YSI multi-sensor probe/sondes	565-605 <sup>1</sup>	620-700 <sup>1</sup>
MWRA	Turner Designs AquaFluor (cuvette, no probe)	590	670-680
MyRWA	Turner Designs AquaFluor (cuvette, no probe)	590 <sup>2</sup>	670-680 <sup>2</sup>
CRWA	Hydrolab (Hach) (uses Turner Designs sensor)	590 <sup>2</sup>	650 <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Email from David Fraley, YSI Tech Support, 6/13/12

<sup>2</sup> From product literature, assuming Phycocyanin sensor

# Meter Day at Mass DEP on 5/31/12

## Is there a way to relate different meters?

Data Obtained from Measurements of 3 Samples

Sample	MassDEP (Turner Cyclops 7)	CRWA (Hydrolab)	US EPA (YSI)	NE Univ (YSI)	MWRA (Turner Aquaflor)	MyRWA (Turner Aquaflor)
Charles River (clean)	2 µg/L PC (70 mV)	6.1 mV	Not measured	0.3 RFUs 700 cells	0.283 units	-0.023 units
90 µg/L Phycocyanin	90 µg/L PC (1700 mV)	53.8 mV	30.1 RFUs 49,600 cells	18.4 RFUs 39,000 cells	9.863 units	11.21 units
Lake Quannapowitt	150 µg/L PC (2800 mV)	100 mV	17.4 RFUs 30,000 cells	10.5 RFUs 23,000 cells	22.07 units	23.52 units

PC = Phycocyanin

mV = millivolts

RFU = Relative Fluorescence Units

# Can meters and probes be standardized?

- How do you deal with different units?
- Should probes only be used for screening?
- Is it possible to standardize meters at the beginning of the year and establish a conversion.
- Are there other standard indicators that are just as good?

# IDEAS, COMMENTS or QUESTIONS?

